

The MSDS format adheres to the standards and regulatory requirements of the United States and may not meet regulatory requirements in other countries. DuPont 1 Page Material Safety Data Sheet "DuPont" "CINCH" ATZ HERBICIDE M0000484 Revised 10-OCT-2005 _____ CHEMICAL PRODUCT/COMPANY IDENTIFICATION _____ Material Identification "CINCH" is a registered trademark of DuPont. "DuPont" is a trademark of DuPont. # Tradenames and Synonyms DUPONT DPX-H1W81 HERBICIDE DPX-H1W81 CINCH ATZ ATRAZINE S-METOLACHLOR Company Identification MANUFACTURER/DISTRIBUTOR DuPont 1007 Market Street WILMINGTON, DE 19898 PHONE NUMBERS Product Information : 1-(800)441-7515 Transport Emergency : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 Medical Emergency : 1-(800)441-3637 (outside of U.S. 302 - 774 - 1000) _____ COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS _____ # Components CAS Number % Material *ATRAZINE 1912-24-9 33.0 2-Chloro-4-ethylamino-6-isopropylamino-Striazine S-METOLACHLOR 87392-12-9 26.1 Acetamide, 2-chloro-N-(2-ethyl-6-methylphenyl)-N- (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl]-,(S) ATRAZINE RELATED COMPOUNDS 0.7 OTHER INGREDIENTS INCLUDING 40.2 ETHYLENE GLYCOL 107-21-1 (Not to Exceed 6%)

* Disclosure as a toxic chemical is required under Section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR part 372.

HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

CAUTION! Causes eye irritation. Harmful if swallowed, inhaled, or absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with eyes, skin or clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or spray mist. This product may cause skin sensitization in some people.

Potential Health Effects

Skin contact with Cinch ATZ may cause skin irritation with discomfort or rash. This product may cause skin sensitization reactions in some people.

Eye contact with Cinch ATZ may cause eye irritation with discomfort, tearing, or blurring of vision.

Effects attributable to Ethylene Glycol, a component of Cinch ATZ, by inhalation or ingestion may include headache and nausea; irritation of the nose and throat with sneezing, sore throat or runny nose. Gross overexposure may cause central nervous system depression with dizziness, confusion, incoordination, drowsiness or unconsciousness; altered kidney function which may be accompanied by abnormal urine volume, low back pain, discomfort or edema; kidney failure; deposits of calcium oxalate in the brain, spinal cord and kidneys; liver abnormalities; high blood pressure; irregular heart beat with a strange sensation in the chest, "heart thumping", apprehension, lightheadedness, feeling of fainting, dizziness, weakness, sometimes progressing to loss of consciousness and death. Other effects may include congestive heart failure; retention of acid in the blood, making oxygen less available in the blood stream and leading to symptoms of increased pulse rate, nausea, vomiting, confusion and weakness which may progress to loss of consciousness; low blood sugar; low blood calcium with muscle twitching; involuntary movement of the eyes; facial paralysis; or fatality.

Individuals with preexisting diseases of the central nervous system, liver, or kidneys may have increased susceptibility to the toxicity of excessive exposures.

Carcinogenicity Information

None of the components present in this material at concentrations equal to or greater than 0.1% are listed by IARC, NTP, OSHA or ACGIH as a carcinogen.

FIRST AID MEASURES

First Aid

IF IN EYES: Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF ON SKIN OR CLOTHING: Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes. Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF SWALLOWED: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice. Have the person sip a glass of water if able to swallow. Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so after calling a poison control center or doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

IF INHALED: Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible. Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor, or going for treatment. You may also contact 1-800-441-3637 for emergency medical treatment information.

FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammable Properties

FIRE AND EXPLOSION:

Flash Point (Test Method):	>212°F (Abel-Pensky CC)		
Flammable Limits (% in Air):	Lower: Not applicable		
	Upper: Not applicable		
Autoignition Temperature:	Not Available		
Flammability:	Not Applicable		

UNUSUAL FIRE, EXPLOSION AND REACTIVITY HAZARDS:

During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

Not a fire or explosion hazard.

(FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES - Continued)

Extinguishing Media

Use dry chemical, foam, or CO2 extinguishing media.

Fire Fighting Instructions

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Safeguards (Personnel)

NOTE: Review FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES and HANDLING (PERSONNEL) sections before proceeding with clean-up. Use appropriate PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT during clean-up.

Spill Clean Up

Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent it from spreading, contaminating soil, or entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Exposure Controls / Personal Protective Equipment section of MSDS. If a solid, sweep up material and place in a compatible disposal container. If a liquid, cover entire spill with absorbing material and place into compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container. Once all material is cleaned up and placed in a disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on this label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes.

In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-800-424-9300, day or night.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling (Personnel)

USERS SHOULD: Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

Storage

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage.

Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of the reach of children and domestic animals.

Ground water contamination may be reduced by diking and flooring of permanent liquid bulk storage sites with an impermeable material.

EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Engineering Controls

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)]. When using the closed system, the mixers' and loaders' PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Pilots must use an enclosed cockpit in a manner that is consistent with the WPS for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(6)]. Pilots must wear the PPE required on this labeling for applicators, however, they need not wear chemical-resistant gloves when using an enclosed cockpit.

Flaggers supporting aerial applications must use an enclosed cab that meets the definition on the Worker Protection Standard for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(5)] for dermal protection.

When applicators use closed systems or enclosed cabs in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)], the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

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(EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION - Continued)

Personal Protective Equipment

Some materials that are chemical resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options follow the instructions for Category A on the EPA chemical resistance category selection chart.

Mixers, loaders, applicators, flaggers, and other handlers must wear:

- Long-sleeved shirt and long pants.
- Chemical-resistant gloves Category A (such as butyl rubber, natural rubber, neoprene rubber, or nitrile rubber) greater than or equal to 14 mils,
- Shoes plus socks.
- A chemical-resistant apron, when mixing/loading, cleaning up spills, or cleaning equipment, or otherwise exposed to the concentrate.

See Engineering Controls for additional requirements.

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry. Discard clothing and other absorbent materials that have been drenched or heavily contaminated with this product's concentrate. Do not reuse them.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil, or water is:

- Coveralls.

Chemical-resistant gloves, such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber greater than or equal to 14 mils, polyvinyl chloride (PVC) greater than or equal to 14 mils, or viton greater than or equal to 14 mils.
Shoes plus socks.

Exposure Guidelines

Applicable Exposure Limits

ATRAZ.	LNE		
PEL	(OSHA)	:	None Established
TLV	(ACGIH)	:	5 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, A4
AEL *	(DuPont)	:	0.5 mg/m3, 8 & 12 Hr. TWA, total dust

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

(Applicable Exposure Limits - Continued)

PEL	(OSHA)	: None Established
TLV	(ACGIH)	: Ceiling: 39.4 ppm, 100 mg/m3, aerosol,A4
AEL *	(DuPont)	: 50 ppm, 8 Hr. TWA, vapor 10 mg/m3, 8 Hr. TWA, particulate

* AEL is DuPont's Acceptable Exposure Limit. Where governmentally imposed occupational exposure limits which are lower than the AEL are in effect, such limits shall take precedence.

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Physical Data

Appearance:	Off-White Liquid
Odor:	Latex Paint
Melting Point:	Not Applicable
Boiling Point:	216°F
Specific Gravity/Density:	1.112 g/cm3 @ 77°F (25°C)
pH:	6.9 [1% solution in H2O @ 77°F
	(25°C)]
Solubility in H2O	
Atrazine:	33 mg/L @ 68°F (20°C)
S-Metolachlor:	0.48 g/L @ 77°F (25°C)
Vapor Pressure	
Atrazine:	2.9 x 10(-7) mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)
S-Metolachlor:	2.8 x 10(-5) mmHg @ 77°F (25°C)

STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability

Stability: Stable under normal use and storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid

Conditions to Avoid: None Known

Decomposition

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Can decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

Polymerization

Hazardous Polymerization: Will Not Occur

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Animal Data

Cinch ATZ	
Oral LD50:	3271 mg/kg in rats
Dermal LD50:	> 2020 mg/kg in rabbits
Inhalation 4 hour LC50:	> 1.6 mg/L in rats

Cinch ATZ is a slight skin irritant and a mild eye irritant, but is not a skin sensitizer in animal tests.

Atrazine Effects in animals from single inhalation exposure to an 80% wettable powder produced no observed signs of toxicity.

Toxicity described in animals from the administration of single oral doses include central nervous system effects, hypoactivity and frequent urination. Repeated oral dosing of 20-180 times the TLV resulted in altered renal function and decreased lymphocyte counts. Long term oral dosing of 2-10 times the TLV caused growth retardation; administration of 2-200 times the TLV resulted in decreased body weight, a decrease in red cell parameters (female rats only), and changes in clinical chemical parameters.

Atrazine is a weak carcinogen in the female rat producing an increased incidence of mammary tumors in a two year study Atrazine was negative for carcinogenicity in mice and was also negative in a different 2-year rat study. Test in some animals indicate that Atrazine may have developmental toxicity but only at maternally toxic dose levels but is not a unique hazard to the conceptus at the recommended AEL. Tests in animals demonstrate no reproductive toxicity.

Atrazine produces heritable genetic damage in animals. Genetic damage has not been observed in bacterial or mammalian cell cultures.

S-Metolachlor

Animal testing indicates that S-Metolachlor did not cause reproductive effects. S-Metolachlor was found not to cause mutagenicity. Benign liver tumors were observed at high dose levels in female rats.

Ethylene Glycol Repeated ingestion exposure to Ethylene Glycol caused histopathological changes of the kidneys and bone marrow; kidney effects with oxalate crystal deposition; altered hematology, and decreased body weight. Long-term exposure caused kidney effects with oxalate crystal deposition; histopathological changes of the kidneys, liver, blood vessels, testes, and sperm; and decreased body weight.

(TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION - Continued)

No deaths occurred in animals exposed by inhalation to saturated vapors of Ethylene Glycol. Repeated inhalation exposure caused histopathological changes of the liver and lungs; eye irritation; and clouding of the eye (corneal opacity).

In animal testing Ethylene Glycol has not caused carcinogenicity. Reproductive data on adult animals show interference with reproduction only at levels which produce other toxic effects in the adult animal. Tests have shown Ethylene Glycol to cause developmental toxicity in animals. Ethylene Glycol has not produced genetic damage in bacterial cultures. There are reports indicating that Ethylene Glycol does not produce genetic damage in some animal or mammalian cell culture tests; however, there are reports in the literature that suggest positive results.

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ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION
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Ecotoxicological Information

AQUATIC TOXICITY: Ethylene Glycol 96 hour LC50 - Fathead minnows: 49,000 mg/L

Atrazine 96 hour LC50 - Rainbow trout: 4.5 ppm LC50/EC50 - Trout: 9.9 ppm LC50/EC50 - Bluegill: 54.5 ppm LC50/EC50 - Daphnia: > 31 ppm

S-Metolachlor LC50/EC50 - Trout: 12 ppm LC50/EC50 - Bluegill: 3.16 ppm LC50/EC50 - Daphnia: 26 ppm

AVIAN TOXICITY: Atrazine 8-Day Dietary LC50 - Bobwhite Quail: > 5000 ppm 8-Day Dietary LC50 - Mallard Duck: > 5000 ppm

LC50/EC50 - Bees: > 100 ug/bee

S-Metolachlor 8-Day Dietary LC50/EC50 - Bobwhite Quail: > 5620 ppm 8-Day Dietary LC50/EC50 - Mallard Duck: > 5620 ppm

LC50/EC50 - Bees: > 200 ug/bee

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal

Do not reuse product containers. Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL:

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage, disposal, or cleaning of equipment. Open dumping is prohibited. Improper disposal of unused pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of federal law. Pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate that cannot be used according to label instructions must be disposed of according to federal, state, or local procedures. For guidance in proper disposal methods, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

Do not apply directly to water, or areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash water or rinsate. This pesticide contains atrazine, which has been shown to be toxic to aquatic invertebrates. Runoff and drift from treated areas may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas.

Waste Management

Characteristic Waste: Under certain circumstances, discarded product may exhibit TCLP hazardous characteristics. A hazardous waste determination should be done on a case-by-case basis.

Listed Waste: Not Applicable

Container Disposal

2.5 GALLON: Do not reuse empty container. Triple rinse (or equivalent), puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or by incineration, or by open burning, if allowed by state and local authorities. If burned, keep out of smoke.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on the product label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-888-638-7668, day or night.

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(DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS - Continued)

BULK AND MINI BULK: Instructions for Users: When the container is empty, replace the cap and seal all openings that have been opened during use, and return the container to the point of purchase, or to an alternate location designated by the registrant at the time of purchase of this product. If not returned to the point of purchase or a designated location, triple rinse or pressure rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available. Instructions for Users and Refillers: This container must only be refilled with this pesticide product. Do Not Reuse the Container for Any Other Purpose. Do not transport if this container is damaged or leaking. If the container is damaged, leaking, or obsolete, or to obtain information about recycling refillable containers, contact DuPont Crop Protection at 1-888-638-7668. Cleaning is not necessary prior to refilling with the same product. Cleaning of container before final disposal of this container must be in compliance with state and local regulations.

Instructions for Refillers:

Prior to refilling, inspect carefully for damage such as cracks, punctures, abrasions, work-out threads and closure devices. Check for leaks after refilling and before transporting. If the container cannot be refilled, triple rinse or pressure rinse the empty container and offer for recycling if available.

For minor spills, leaks, etc., follow all precautions indicated on the product label and clean up immediately. Take special care to avoid contamination of equipment and facilities during cleanup procedures and disposal of wastes. In the event of a major spill, fire, or other emergency, call 1-888-638-7668, day or night.

TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

Shipping Information

DOT/IMO/ICAO: Proper Shipping Name	: Not Regulated by DOT/IMO/ICAO unless a single package contains 5,000 or more pounds Ethylene Glycol. (See DOT/IMO/ICAO shipping
Proper Shipping Name	<pre>description below.) : Environmentally Hazardous Substances, Liquid, n.o.s., (Ethylene Glycol)</pre>

(TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION - Continued) Hazard Class : 9 UN/NA Number : UN 3082 Packaging Group : III Marine Pollutant : No Reportable Quantity : Yes (5,000 pounds) _____ REGULATORY INFORMATION # U.S. Federal Regulations EPA Reg. No. 352-624 EPCRA SARA Title III Classification Section 311/312: Acute Health Hazard. Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Atrazine (33%) (CAS No. 1912-24-9) Ethylene Glycol (not to exceed 6%) (CAS No. 107-21-1) CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ): Report product spills > 13,500 gal (based on Ethylene Glycol [RQ = 5,000 lbs] content in the formulation) RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification: Under certain circumstances, discarded product may exhibit TCLP hazardous characteristics. A hazardous waste determination should be done on a case-by-case basis. TSCA Status: Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

DuPont

RESTRICTED USE PESTICIDE (GROUND AND SURFACE WATER CONCERNS)

FOR RETAIL SALE TO AND USE ONLY BY CERTIFIED APPLICATORS OR PERSONS UNDER THEIR DIRECT SUPERVISION, AND ONLY FOR THOSE USES COVERED BY THE CERTIFIED APPLICATOR'S CERTIFICATION. THIS PRODUCT IS A RESTRICTED-USE HERBICIDE DUE TO GROUND AND SURFACE WATER CONCERNS. USERS MUST READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR USE IN ORDER TO MINIMIZE POTENTIAL FOR ATRAZINE TO REACH GROUND AND SURFACE WATER.

_____ OTHER INFORMATION NFPA, NPCA-HMIS NFPA Rating : 1 Health Flammability : 1 : 0 Reactivity NPCA-HMIS Rating : 1 Health : 1 Flammability Reactivity : 0

The data in this Material Safety Data Sheet relates only to the specific material designated herein and does not relate to use in combination with any other material or in any process.

Responsibility	for	MSDS:	DuPont Crop	Pro	tection
Address		:	Wilmington,	DE	19898
Telephone		:	1-888-638-7	668	

Indicates updated section.

This information is based upon technical information believed to be reliable. It is subject to revision as additional knowledge and experience is gained.

End of MSDS