FLUMIOXAZIN	GROUP	14	HERBICIDE
<b>PYROXASULFONE</b>	GROUP	15	HERBICIDE

# **NET CONTENTS 2-1/2 GALLON**

FOR RESIDUAL CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF LISTED WEEDS IN COTTON, FIELD CORN, GRASS GROWN FOR SEED, SOYBEAN, WHEAT, FALLOW LAND AND NON-CROP AREAS



\* *N*-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(prop-2-ynyl)-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yllcvclohex-1-ene-1,2-dicarboximide

\*\*[5-(difluoromethoxy)-1-methyl-3-(trifluoromethyl)-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl] methyl4,5-dihydro-5,5-dimethylisoxazol-3-yl sulfone

Fierce® EZ Herbicide is a suspension concentrate containing 1.34 lb flumioxazin and 1.70 lb pyroxasulfone per gallon.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-237

EPA Est. 11773-IA-1®, 228-IL-1®, 39578-TX-1®, 5481-ID-1®, 62171-MS-1®, 70815-GA-2®

Superscript is first letter of lot number.

# KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

Always Mix Product Thoroughly Before Use.







#### FIRST AID

If on skin Take off contaminated clothing.

or clothing: Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.
Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

#### HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 800-892-0099 for emergency medical treatment information.

For medical emergencies, call the poison control center at 1-800-222-1222.

For general information on this product contact the National Pesticide Information Center (NPIC) at 1-800-858-7378, Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 12 PM PST or at http://npic.orst.edu.

# PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS

#### CAUTION

Harmful if absorbed through skin. Avoid contact with skin or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum. using tobacco or using the toilet.

### PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt, long pants, shoes, socks and chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material including barrier laminate, butyl rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, nitrile rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, neoprene rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, natural rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride  $\geq$  14 mils or Viton  $\geq$  14 mils.

# **User Safety Requirements**

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If no such instructions for washables exist, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

# **Engineering Controls**

When handlers use closed systems, enclosed cabs, or aircraft in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standards (WPS) for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR 170.240(d)(4-6)), the handler PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

#### USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

- Users should remove clothing/PPE immediately if pesticide gets inside.
   Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.
- Users should remove PPE immediately after handling this product. Wash
  the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and change into clean clothing.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS**

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. **DO NOT** apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. **DO NOT** contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters.

This pesticide is toxic to plants and use strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY: This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated site. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize off-target movement.

**Groundwater Advisory:** This chemical has properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. This chemical may leach into groundwater if used in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow.

Surface Water Advisories: DO NOT apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift and runoff may be hazardous to aquatic organisms in water adjacent to treated areas. DO NOT contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters or rinsate.

The product may impact surface water quality due to runoff of rainwater.

This is especially true for poorly draining soils and soils with shallow ground water. This product is classified as having a high potential for reaching surface water via runoff for several months or more after application. A level, well maintained vegetative buffer strip between areas to which this product is applied and surface water features including ponds, streams and springs will reduce potential loading of pyroxasulfone and its degradation product, 5-difluoromethody-1H-pyrazol-4-yl) methanesulfonic acid (M1), from runoff water and sediment. Runoff of this product will be reduced by avoiding applications when rainfall is forecasted to occur within 48 hours.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTION-ARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

**DO NOT** apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

## **AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS**

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

**DO NOT** enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, including plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical-resistant gloves made of waterproof material for example barrier laminate, butyl rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, nitrile rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, neoprene  $\geq$  14 mils, natural rubber  $\geq$  14 mils, polyethylene, polyvinyl chloride or Viton  $\geq$  14 mils, shoes plus socks.

#### NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries, or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

**DO NOT** enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

#### RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT, LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER, AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this section titled Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty and Disclaimer, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

(continued)

# **RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT**

The buyer and user (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather, soil conditions, disease, moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

The Directions for Use of this product must be followed carefully. Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including, but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential, or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. To the extent consistent with applicable law, Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label.

# LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the purposes stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

#### LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law, Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER, AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LIABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

#### PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements, Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buyer has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is later, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law, if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

#### NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Risks of Using This Product, Limited Warranty and Disclaimer, and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

#### TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

### **Weed Resistance Management**

For resistance management, please note that Fierce EZ Herbicide contains both a Group 14/flumioxazin and a Group 15/pyroxasulfone herbicide. Any weed population may contain plants naturally resistant to Group 14 and/or Group 15 herbicides. The resistant individuals may dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field. Appropriate resistance-management strategies should be followed.

To delay herbicide resistance take one or more of the following steps:

- Rotate the use of Fierce EZ Herbicide or other Group 14 and Group 15 herbicides within a growing season sequence or among growing seasons with different herbicide groups that control the same weeds in a field.
- Use tank mixtures with herbicides from a different group if such use is permitted; where information on resistance in target weed species is available, use the less resistance-prone partner at a rate that will control the target weed(s) equally as well as the more resistance-prone partner. Consult your local extension service or certified crop advisor if you are unsure as to which active ingredient is currently less prone to resistance.
- Adopt an integrated weed-management program for herbicide use that includes scouting and uses historical information related to herbicide use and crop rotation, and that considers tillage (or other mechanical control methods), cultural (e.g., higher crop seeding rates; precision fertilizer application method and timing to favor the crop and not the weeds), biological (weed-competitive crops or varieties) and other management practices.
- Scott after herbicide application to monitor weed populations for early signs of resistance development. Indicators of possible herbicide resistance include: (1) failure to control a weed species normally controlled by the herbicide at the dose applied, especially if control is achieved on adjacent weeds; (2) a spreading patch of non-controlled plants of a particular weed species; (3) surviving plants mixed with controlled individuals of the same species. If resistance is suspected, prevent weed seed production in the affected area by an alternative herbicide from a different group or by a mechanical method, for example hoeing or tillage. Prevent movement of resistant weed seeds to other fields by cleaning harvesting and tillage equipment when moving between fields, and planting clean seed.
- If a weed pest population continues to progress after treatment with this
  product, discontinue use of this product, and switch to another management strategy or herbicide with a different mode of action, if available.
- Contact your local extension specialist or certified crop advisors for additional pesticide resistance-management and/or integrated weed-management strategies for specific crops and weed biotypes.
- For further information or to report suspected resistance, contact Valent U.S.A. LLC at 800-6-VALENT (682-5368).

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#### PRODUCT INFORMATION

Fierce EZ Herbicide provides residual control of susceptible weeds in labeled crops and provides additional burndown activity when used as part of a burndown program. In addition, Fierce EZ Herbicide can be applied as part of a fall burndown program for control of susceptible winter annuals.

Weeds controlled by *Fierce* EZ Herbicide are listed in Table 2, Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of *Fierce* EZ Herbicide. Application rates of *Fierce* EZ Herbicide vary depending on soil type and organic matter; refer to individual crop use instructions.

Moisture is necessary to activate Fierce EZ Herbicide in soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following applications of Fierce EZ Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, Fierce EZ Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds. When adequate moisture is not received after soil applied treatments of Fierce EZ Herbicide application, weed control may be improved by shallow cultivation or irrigation with at least 1/2 inch of water. If weeds begin to emerge, irrigate (1/4 inch of water) or cultivate uniformly with shallow-tillage equipment including a rotary hoe that will not damage the crop. Deep cultivation reduces the effectiveness of Fierce EZ Herbicide.

Crop injury may occur from applications made to poorly drained soils and/or applications made under cool and/or wet conditions. Risk of crop injury can be minimized by using on well drained soils, planting soybeans at least 1.5 inches deep, using high quality seed and completely covering seeds with soil prior to preemergence applications. Treated soil that is splashed onto newly emerged crops may result in temporary crop injury.

#### Rainfastnes

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Fierce EZ Herbicide is rainfast one hour after application. **DO NOT** apply Fierce EZ Herbicide if rain is expected within one hour of application or postemergence efficacy may be reduced.

# Soil Characteristics

Application of *Fierce* EZ Herbicide to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

#### Tank Mixes

Read tank mix product label for rates and weeds controlled. It is the pesticide user's responsibility to ensure that all products are registered for the intended use. Read and follow the applicable restrictions and limitations and directions for use on all product labels involved in tank mixing. Users must follow the most restrictive directions for use and precautionary statements of each product in the tank mixture.

Table 1. Fierce EZ Herbicide Rate Summary

Table 1. 710700 EZ Herbiciae Hate Gaillinary				
fl oz of <i>Fierce</i> EZ Herbicide	Pounds of flumioxazin	Pounds of pyroxasulfone		
3.0	0.032	0.040		
4.0	0.042	0.053		
6.0	0.064	0.080		
7.5	0.079	0.100		
9.0	0.094	0.120		
12.0	0.128	0.160		

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

. DO NOT apply to frozen or snow covered soil.

# **USE PRECAUTIONS**

 Any tillage operation after the application or mechanical incorporation into the soil will reduce residual weed control.

#### APPLICATION INFORMATION

#### BURNDOWN PROGRAM

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide as part of a burndown program to actively growing weeds. Applying Fierce EZ Herbicide under conditions that **DO NOT** promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. Weeds under stress due to drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, disease or low humidity tend to become less susceptible to herbicidal action. Fierce EZ Herbicide is most effective when applied under warm sunny conditions. To ensure thorough coverage in burndown applications, use 15 to 60 gallons spray solution per acre. Use 20 to 60 gallons per acre if dense vegetation or heavy crop residue is present. **DO NOT** use flood jet nozzles.

#### **GROUND APPLICATION**

Preemergence Application (Conventional Tillage): To ensure uniform coverage, use 10 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre for conventional tillage applications.

#### **AERIAL APPLICATION**

Spray drift away from the site of application may cause damage to non-target vegetation.

When used as part of a burndown weed control program, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide in 7 to 10 gallons of water per acre. Application at less than 7 gallons per acre may provide inadequate control. When used for preemergence weed control, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide in 5 to 10 gallons of water per acre. The higher gallonage applications afford more consistent weed control. **DO NOT** exceed the nozzle manufacturer's specified pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.

#### Adjuvants and Drift Control Additives

When an adjuvant is to be used with Fierce EZ Herbicide, use a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. Either a crop oil concentrate (COC) or methylated seed oil (MSO) which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant (NIS) at 0.25% v/v, may be used when applying Fierce EZ Herbicide as part of a burndown program. Some tank mix partners, including Roundup PowerMAX®, are formulated with sufficient adjuvants and **DO NOT** require the addition of a crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil or non-ionic surfactant when tank mixed with Fierce EZ Herbicide. When tank mixing, refer to tank mix partner's label for ajuvant selection. The addition of a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil may increase the burndown activity on certain weeds including Cutleaf Evening-primrose and Carolina geranium. Verify mixing compatibility qualities by a jar test.

A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lb/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qt/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with either a crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for a crop oil concentrate, a methylated seed oil or a non-ionic surfactant.

When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

# JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND FIERCE EZ HERBICIDE

When using Fierce EZ Herbicide and an adjuvant, in stale seed bed, reduced tillage, or other situations, perform a jar test before mixing commercial quantities of Fierce EZ Herbicide, when using Fierce EZ Herbicide for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- Add 1 pt of the water to a quart jar. Use water from the same source and temperature as which will be used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- Add 1 ml of Fierce EZ Herbicide to the quart jar for every 6 fl oz of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre being applied (1 g if 6 fl oz/A is the desired Fierce EZ Herbicide rate), gently mix until product goes into suspension.
- Add 60 ml (4 Tbsp or 2 fl oz) of the crop oil or methylated seed oil to the quart jar or 1 ml of non-ionic surfactant if it is being used in place of oil, gently mix.

- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 ml (1 Tbsp or 0.5 oz) of the 28 to 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 g AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 to 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed, question the choice of adjuvant:
  - a) Layer of oil or globules on the mixture's surface.
  - Flocculation: fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
  - c) Clabbering: thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

#### SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying Fierce EZ Herbicide, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. The spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms, must be cleaned to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to, the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, (i.e., Classic® and 2,4-D respectively) are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. The spray equipment must be cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply Fierce EZ Herbicide. If two or more products were tank mixed prior to Fierce EZ Herbicide application, follow the most restrictive cleanup procedure.

#### MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
- If a drift retardant is to be used, add 10 lb of spray grade ammonium sulfate per 100 gallons of spray solution, unless prohibited by the tank mix partner.
- While agitating, slowly add Fierce EZ Herbicide to the spray tank. Agitation creates a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- If tank mixing Fierce EZ Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
   Add any required adjuvants.
- Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Continue agitation until all spray solution has been applied.
- Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide within 6 hours of mixing.

#### SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment, including mixing vessels and nurse tanks, must be cleaned each day following *Fierce* EZ Herbicide application. After *Fierce* EZ Herbicide is applied, the following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank, add 1 gallon of 3% household ammonia (or equivalent) for every 100 gallons of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes, and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes. If diaphragms are being used on the spray boom, loosen diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm. If spray lines have any end caps, they must be loosened before flushing the system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the loosened caps. To enhance removal of Fierce EZ Herbicide from the spray system, add "Valent Tank Cleaner" or another effective tank cleaner in place of ammonia and allow the cleaning solution to remain in the pressurized spray system (spray tank, hoses and boom) for 8 hours before flushing the system for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- Drain tank completely.
- Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
- 6. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them in clean water.

Thoroughly clean spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles, before it is used to apply postemergence pesticides. Equipment with Fierce EZ Herbicide residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to the subsequently treated crop.

#### MANDATORY SPRAY DRIFT

#### **Aerial Application**

- DO NOT release spray at a height greater than 10 feet above the vegetative canopy, unless a greater application height is necessary for pilot safety.
- Applicators are required to use a coarse or coarser droplet size (ASABE \$572.1).
- The boom length must not exceed 65% of the wingspan for airplanes or 75% of the rotor blade diameter for helicopters.
- Applicators must use 1/2 swath displacement upwind at the downwind edge of the field.
- Nozzles must be oriented so the spray is directed toward the back of the aircraft.
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### **Ground Boom Applications**

- Apply with the nozzle height specified by the manufacturer, but no more than 3 feet above the ground or crop canopy. For all other ground applications, the nozzle must be no more than 3 feet from the target vegetation.
- Applicators are required to use a medium or coarser droplet size (ASABE S572.1).
- DO NOT apply when wind speeds exceed 10 miles per hour at the application site.
- . DO NOT apply during temperature inversions.

#### SPRAY DRIFT ADVISORIES

THE APPLICATOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR AVOIDING OFF-SITE SPRAY DRIFT.

BE AWARE OF NEARBY NON-TARGET SITES AND ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

#### IMPORTANCE OF DROPLET SIZE

An effective way to reduce spray drift is to apply large droplets. Use the largest droplets that provide target pest control. While applying larger droplets will reduce spray drift, the potential for drift will be greater if applications are made improperly or under unfavorable environmental conditions.

#### Controlling Droplet Size - Ground Boom

- Volume Increasing the spray volume so that larger droplets are produced will reduce spray drift. Use the highest practical spray volume for the application. If a greater spray volume is needed, consider using a nozzle with a higher flow rate.
- Pressure Use the lowest spray pressure specified for the nozzle to produce the target spray volume and droplet size.
- Spray Nozzle Use a spray nozzle that is designed for the intended application. Consider using nozzles designed to reduce drift.

#### Controlling Droplet Size - Aircraft

Adjust Nozzles – Follow nozzle manufacturer's directions for setting up nozzles. To reduce fine droplets, orient nozzles parallel with the airflow in flight.

#### **BOOM HEIGHT - Ground Boom**

For ground equipment, the boom must remain level with the crop and have minimal bounce.

#### RELEASE HEIGHT - Aircraft

Higher release heights increase the potential for spray drift.

#### SHIELDED SPRAYERS

Shielding the boom or individual nozzles can reduce spray drift. Consider using shielded sprayers. Verify that the shields are not interfering with the uniform deposition of the spray on the target area.

#### **TEMPERATURE AND HUMIDITY**

When making applications in hot and dry conditions, use larger droplets to reduce effects of evaporation.

#### TEMPERATURE INVERSIONS

Drift potential is high during a temperature inversion. Temperature inversions are characterized by increasing temperature with altitude and are common nights with limited cloud cover and light to no wind. The presence of an inversion can be indicated by ground fog or by the movement of smoke from a

ground source or an aircraft smoke generator. Smoke that layers and moves laterally in a concentrated cloud (under low wind conditions) indicates an inversion, while smoke that moves upward and rapidly dissipates indicates good vertical air mixing. Avoid applications during temperature inversions.

#### MIND

Drift potential generally increases with wind speed. AVOID APPLICATIONS DURING GUSTY WIND CONDITIONS.

**Boom-less Ground Applications**: Setting nozzles at the lowest effective height will help to reduce the potential for spray drift.

Handheld Technology Applications: Take precautions to minimize spray drift.

Applicators need to be familiar with local wind patterns and terrain that could affect spray drift.

### NON-TARGET ORGANISM ADVISORY

This product is toxic to plants and may adversely impact the forage and habitat of non-target organisms, including pollinators, in areas adjacent to the treated area. Protect the forage and habitat of non-target organisms by following label directions intended to minimize spray drift.

Adjuvants and Drift Control Additives: Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant specifications. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

#### BUFFER RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply this product by air within 40 ft of non-target plants including non-target crops.
- DO NOT apply this product by air within 100 ft of emerged cotton crops.
   DO NOT apply this product by air within 40 ft of streams, wetlands, marshes, ponds. lakes and reservoirs.

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Fierce EZ Herbicide

	Fierce EZ Herbicide Rates			
		6.0 fl oz/A	7.5 fl oz/A	9.0 fl oz/A
Common Name   Scientific Name		C = Contr	ol or S = Su	ppression
<b>BROADLEAF WEE</b>	D SPECIES			
Bristly Starbur	Acanthospermum hispidum	S	S	S
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	С	С	С
Chickweeds				
Common	Stellaria media	С	С	С
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum	С	С	С
Coffee Senna	Cassia occidentalis	S	С	С
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Acalypha ostryifolia	S	S	S
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale	С	С	С
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrate	С	С	С
Evening-primrose, Cutleaf	Oenothera laciniata	С	С	С
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum	S	С	С
Florida Pusley	Richardia scabra	С	С	С
Golden Crownbeard	Verbesina encelioides	S	С	С
Hairy Indigo	Indigofera hirsute	S	С	С
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	С	С	С
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	С	С	С
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	С	С	С
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	С	С	С

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Fierce F7 Herbicide (continued)

		Fierce EZ Herbicide Rates					
		6.0 fl oz/A	7.5 fl oz/A	9.0 fl oz/A			
Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Contr	ol or S = Su	ppression			
<b>BROADLEAF WEI</b>	BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES						
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	С	С	С			
Little Mallow	Malva parviflora	С	С	С			
Marestail/ Horseweed	Conyza canadensis	С	С	С			
Morningglories <sup>1</sup>							
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. Integriuscula	S	С	С			
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	S	С	С			
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea	S	С	С			
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea	S	С	С			
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	С	C	С			
Nightshades							
Black	Solanum nigrum	С	С	С			
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum	С	С	С			
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides	С	С	С			
Palmer	Amaranthus palmeri	C	C	C			
Amaranth							
Pigweeds	I a						
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	С	С	С			
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	С	С	С			
Spiny Amaranth	Amaranthus spinosus	С	С	С			
Tumble	Amaranthus albus	С	C	С			
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa	С	С	С			
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris	C	C	C			
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	С	С	С			
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum	С	С	С			
Ragweeds <sup>2</sup>							
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	S	С	С			
Giant	Ambrosia trifida	S	S	S			
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata var. Menziessii	C	С	С			
Russian Thistle	Salsola iberica	S	С	С			
Shepherd's- purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris	С	С	С			
Smallflower Morningglory	Jacquemontia tamnifolia	С	С	С			
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata	С	С	С			
				(continued)			

(continued)

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of

		Fierce EZ Herbicide Rates		
		6.0 fl oz/A	7.5 fl oz/A	9.0 fl oz/A
Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Control or S = Suppression		
<b>BROADLEAF WEE</b>	D SPECIES			
Smartweeds				
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	S	S	S
Pennsylvania	Polygonum Pensylvanicum	S	S	S
Spurred Anoda	Anoda cristata	S	C	C
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus	S	C	С
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	C	C	С
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum	C	С	С
Waterhemps <sup>2</sup>				
Common	Amaranthus rudis	C	С	С
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus	С	С	С
Wild Buckwheat	Polygonum convolvulus	S	S	S
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia heterophylla	S	С	С
Wormwood, Biennial	Artemisia biennis	S	S	S
<b>GRASS WEED SP</b>	ECIES		•	•
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	С	С	С
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua	С	С	С
Cheat	Bromus secalinus	С	С	С
Crabgrass		•	•	
Large	Digitaria sanguinalis	С	С	С
Smooth	Digitaria ischaemum	С	С	С
Cupgrass, Southwestern	Eriochloa gracilis	С	С	С
Downy Brome	Bromus tectorum	С	С	С
Foxtails		•		
Giant	Setaria faberi	С	С	С
Green	Setaria viridis	С	С	С
Yellow	Setaria glauca	С	С	С
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica	С	С	С
Johnsongrass (seedling)	Sorghum halepense	С	С	С
Lovegrass, California	Eragrostis diffusa	С	С	С
Panicums				
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum	С	С	С
Texas	Panicum texanum	С	С	С

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Morningglory species are not adequately controlled on fine soils or soils with greater than 3% organic matter.

<sup>2</sup>A postemergence herbicide, including Cobra®, Phoenix® or glyphosate (Roundup Ready® soybeans only) may be needed following a preemergence application of *Fierce* EZ Herbicide to adequately control common ragweed or waterhemp in soybean fields with heavy pressure.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>A postemergence herbicide, including Cobra®, Phoenix® or glyphosate (Roundup Ready® soybeans only) may be needed following a preemergence application of *Fierce* EZ Herbicide to adequately control common ragweed or waterhemp in soybean fields with heavy pressure.

Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Figree F7 Herbicide (continued)

rierce Ez nerbiciae (conunuea)						
		Fierce EZ Herbicide Rates				
		6.0 fl oz/A	7.5 fl oz/A	9.0 fl oz/A		
Common Name	Scientific Name	C = Contr	ol or S = Su	ppression		
<b>GRASS WEED SP</b>	GRASS WEED SPECIES					
Red Rice	Oryza sativa	С	C	С		
Ryegrass	Ryegrass					
Italian	Lolium multiflorum	C	С	С		
Rigid	Lolium rigidum	С	С	С		
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla	С	С	С		

#### SOIL TEXTURES

Application rates of Fierce EZ Herbicide vary depending on soil type and organic matter, soil textures are defined as:

Coarse and Medium	Fine
sandy loam, loamy sand, loamy, silt-loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam	silty clay, silty clay loam, clay, clay loam

# DIRECTIONS FOR COTTON (NO-TILL AND MINIMUM TILL)

### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- DO NOT apply more than 6 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 2 applications per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 12 fl oz (0.128 lb flumioxazin and 0.160 pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- Minimum retreatment is 30 days.
- DO NOT apply within 60 days of harvest.

### POST DIRECTED AND LAYBY USE DIRECTIONS

For postemergence weed control, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide through a hooded or shielded sprayer or at layby, at 6 fl oz/A, in combinations with MSMA, diuron or glyphosate, to assist in the control of weeds listed in Table 3, Emerged Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application of Fierce EZ Herbicide Tank Mixes with Glyphosate or MSMA in Cotton.

For best results, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide to actively growing weeds within the growth stages indicated in this label. Applying Fierce EZ Herbicide under conditions that **D0 NOT** promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. **D0 NOT** apply Fierce EZ Herbicide when the crop or weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, disease or low humidity. Weeds under stress tend to become less susceptible to herbicidal action. Fierce EZ Herbicide is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

Fierce EZ Herbicide also provides residual weed control as listed in Table 2, when applied through hooded, shielded and layby application methods.

#### CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

To ensure thorough coverage in hooded, shielded and layby applications, use a minimum of 15 gallons spray solution per treated acre. Use a minimum of 20 gallons per treated acre under heavy weed pressure. Nozzle selection must meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure guidelines for application method being used. **DO NOT** use "Flood Jet" nozzles, as they tend to increase the chance of crop injury.

#### ADDITIVES

Weed control from hooded, shielded or layby application of Fierce EZ Herbicide in cotton requires the addition of an agronomically approved non-ionic surfactant to the spray mixture. Non-ionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient. Verify mixing compatibility qualities by a jar test. The use of crop oil concentrates, methylated seed oils, organo-silicant surfactants or products containing these ingredients, may result in severe crop injury.

#### APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume. All nozzles must be under the hood or behind the shield to ensure no spray solution comes in contact with the cotton. Application equipment must be clean and in good repair. Nozzles must meet manufacturer's guidelines for spray pattern and placement on spray boom and checked frequently for accuracy.

#### **TIMING TO COTTON**

### Hooded and Shielded Application

Fierce EZ Herbicide tank mixes may be applied with a hooded or shielded sprayer after cotton has reached a minimum of 6 inches in height. Care must be taken to ensure the spray solution or drift does not come in contact with the cotton or severe crop injury can occur.

# **Layby Application**

Layby application of Fierce EZ Herbicide tank mixes may be made once cotton has reached a minimum of 16 inches in height. Cotton that is smaller than 16 inches in height may be injured by Fierce EZ Herbicide applications. Fierce EZ Herbicide application must be directed to the lower 2 inches of the cotton stem to avoid crop injury.

#### TIMING TO WEEDS

Fierce EZ Herbicide tank mix applications must be made to weeds within the height range given in Table  $\bf 3$ .

#### TANK MIXES

Fierce EZ Herbicide must be tank mixed with glyphosate in Roundup Ready cotton, glufosinate in Liberty Link® cotton, and/or diuron and MSMA.

Table 3. Emerged Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application of Fierce EZ Herbicide Tank Mixes With Glyphosate or MSMA in Cotton

<b>BROADLEAF WEED SPECIE</b>	WEED HEIGHT	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	(inches) 6 fl oz/A
Bindweed, Field <sup>1</sup>	Convolvulus arvensis	4
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	4
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media	4
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium strumarium	4
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum	2
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	6
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	4
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	4
Morningglories		
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula	4
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	4
Pitted	Ipomoea lacunose	4
Red	Ipomoea coccinea	4
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea	2
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	6
Nightshades		
Black	Solanum nigrum	4
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum	4
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides	4

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Fierce EZ Herbicide tank mixes will control the above ground portion of field bindweed. Repeated applications will be needed to control regrowth.

Table 3. Emerged Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application of Fierce EZ Herbicide Tank Mixes With Glyohosate or MSMA in Cotton (continued)

BROADLEAF WEED SPECI	WEED HEIGHT		
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	(inches) 6 fl oz/A	
Pigweeds			
Palmer Amaranth	Amaranthus palmeri	4	
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	4	
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	4	
Plaintain, Broadleaf	Plantago major	6	
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa	4	
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	2	
Ragweeds			
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	2	
Giant	Ambrosia trifida	4	
Rice Flatsedge	Cyperus iria	2	
Sicklepod	Senna obtusifolia	4	
Smartweeds			
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	4	
Pale	Polygonum lapathifolium	4	
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	4	
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculat	4	
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	4	
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum	2	
Waterhemps			
Common	Amaranthus rudis	2	
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus	2	

# DIRECTIONS FOR FIELD CORN (NO-TILL AND MINIMUM TILL)

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- DO NOT apply more than 6 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 1 application per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 6 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT use on popcorn, sweet corn or corn grown for seed.
- DO NOT apply after crop has emerged.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

- Use only on no-till or minimum tillage fields where last year's crop residue has not been incorporated into the soil.
- Use on soils with less than 1% organic matter only after an activation rainfall or irrigation of 1/2 inch or more water has occurred between application and planting.
- In the states of AR, LA, MS, OK or TX, corn may be planted within 30 days of Fierce EZ Herbicide application if planting on raised beds. If not planting on raised beds, plant 30 days after. Fierce EZ Herbicide application.
- raised beds, plant 30 days after Fierce EZ Herbicide application.

  In the states of AL, FL and GA, corn may be planted within 30 days of Fierce EZ Herbicide application, if strip tillage has occurred between appli-

# cation and planting. If strip tillage has not occurred, plant 30 days. SPRING BURNDOWN USE DIRECTIONS – For Pre-plant Applications in Field Corn

Use Fierce EZ Herbicide as part of a burndown program for residual weed control and to assist in postemergence burndown of many weeds where field corn will be planted directly into the residue of the previous year. For control of emerged weeds, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide with an appropriate burndown

tank mix partner. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 fl oz/A early pre-plant. Plant corn between 7 and 30 days after application unless the application is made as part of a fall burndown program.

## TANK MIXES

Fierce EZ Herbicide may be tank mixed with 2,4-D LVE, atrazine, Basis®, dicamba, Express®, glyphosate, Hornet® paraquat, Python® WDG, or simazine for pre-plant burndown applications. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific directions and weeds controlled.

## DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN GRASS GROWN FOR SEED (Fine Fescue, Perennial Ryegrass, Tall Fescue and Orchardgrass) (For Use in Idaho, Oregon and Washington Only)

Fierce EZ Herbicide applied in the fall, preemergence to the weeds, in newly carbon-banded plantings, spring planted (at least 8 tillers) and established stands, for residual weed control (at beginning of fall rains) of many annual grasses, volunteer sprouts and winter annual broadleaf weeds (see Table 2. Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Fierce EZ Herbicide). Complete applications by January 31. Fierce EZ Herbicide may be applied as a broadcast application. Fierce EZ Herbicide must be incorporated with 1/4 inch of rainfall or evenly applied irrigation. Use Fierce EZ Herbicide in a sufficient volume of water (at least 20 gallons per acre) for adequate coverage. Fierce EZ Herbicide can be tank mixed with metribuzin at 0.28 lb ai/A, Goal® 2XL at 4 oz/A (0.063) bai/A) or Kerb® SC at 5 oz/A (0.13 lb ai/A).

## Grass Weeds Controlled by Fierce EZ Herbicide

Annual Bluegrass (*Poa annua*) and Roughstalk Bluegrass (*Poa trivialis*); Rattail Fescue and Annual Fescue (*Vulpia myuros*); *Brome* spp.; Italian Ryegrass and Annual Ryegrass (*Lolium perenne* L. subsp. *multiflorum*).

#### **New Plantings**

Fierce EZ Herbicide may be applied at 3.0 fl oz/A as a broadcast treatment over the seed rows that have the activated carbon band above them. The activated carbon over the seed row will adsorb Fierce EZ Herbicide and allow the seed beneath to germinate. Seed germination is dependent on the quality of the carbon band above the seed. Apply activated carbon at 25 lb/A in a 1 inch band (equal to a 300 lb/A broadcast application) at planting. Apply to smooth, crop residue-free seedbeds. A spray unit on a 12 inch drill applying a slurry band 1 inch wide directly over the seeded rows works well. Use proper agitation to keep the carbon in suspension. Mix activated carbon with water at 0.5 lb/gallon. This band may be compromised due to poor seed bed preparation, heavy rainfall, standing water, steep slopes and other possible disturbances allowing the herbicide to move into the seed row and inhibit crop germination. The grower utilizing this system assumes all risks of crop injury and/or stand loss associated with the application.

#### **Spring Planted Grass Seed Crops**

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 3.0 to 6.0 fl oz/A in the fall following a spring planting if the crop has attained a growth stage of at least eight tillers and depending on stand vigor.

#### Established Grass Seed Crops (at least one seed harvest)

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide following seed harvest at 3.0 to 6.0 fl oz/A depending on stand vigor.

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- DO NOT apply more than 6.0 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT make more than 1 application of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 6.0 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply within 60 days of harvest.
- DO NOT graze treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock sooner than 60 days after application.

# DIRECTIONS FOR SOYBEAN (NO-TILL. MINIMUM TILL AND CONVENTIONAL TILL)

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 7.5 fl oz (0.079 lb flumioxazin and 0.100 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 1 application per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 7.5 fl oz (0.079 lb flumioxazin and 0.100 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT graze treated soybean fields or feed treated hay to livestock within 21 days of application.
- DO NOT irrigate when soybeans are cracking.

### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

- Soybean injury may occur if Fierce EZ Herbicide is used in the same field that
  flufenacet (Axiom®, Domain®), alachlor (Micro-Tech®), metolachlor (Dual®
  products or Boundary®) or dimethenamid (Frontier® or Outlook®) will be
  used preemergence.
- Severe injury will occur if Fierce EZ Herbicide is applied when soybeans have begun to crack.

# SPRING BURNDOWN USE DIRECTIONS – For Pre-plant Applications in Sovbean

Use Fierce EZ Herbicide as part of a burndown program, for residual weed control and to assist in postemergence burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where soybeans will be planted directly into the residue of the previous year. For control of emerged weeds, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

#### PREEMERGENCE USE DIRECTIONS

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide to soybeans early pre-plant, prior to planting or preemergence. Preemergence application of Fierce EZ Herbicide must be made within 3 days after planting and prior to soybean emergence.

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 to 7.5 fl oz per acre per year.

#### TANK MIXES

Fierce EZ Herbicide may be tank mixed with chlorimuron, pendimethalin, clomazone, Extreme<sup>®</sup>, metribuzin, FirstRate<sup>®</sup>, Lorox<sup>®</sup>, pendimethalin, Python<sup>®</sup> WDG, Scepter<sup>®</sup>, Valor<sup>®</sup> SX, or Valor XLT. Refer to tank mix product labels for specific directions and weeds controlled.

# DIRECTIONS FOR WHEAT (NO-TILL AND MINIMUM TILL FOR PREPLANT APPLICATIONS) (NO-TILL, MINIMUM-TILL AND CONVENTIONAL TILL FOR POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATIONS)

For use in the states of AL, DE, GA, ID, KY, MD, MN, MO, MS, MT, NC, ND, NJ, OR, SC, SD, TN, VA and WA only

#### **USE RESTRICTIONS**

- For preplant applications: DO NOT apply more than 6 fl oz of (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- For postemergence applications: DO NOT apply more than 3 fl oz (0.032 lb flumioxazin; 0.08 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 1 application per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 6 fl oz (0.064 lb flumioxazin and 0.080 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- For preplant application in the states of DE, ID, MD, MN, MO, MT, ND, NJ, OR, SD, and WA, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide a minimum of 30 days prior to planting wheat.
- For preplant application in the states of AL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN, and VA apply Fierce EZ Herbicide a minimum of 14 days prior to planting wheat.
- Postémergence applications are only allowed in the states of AL, GA, KY, MS, NC, SC, TN, and VA, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide in the spike to 2-leaf stage of growth.
- DO NOT make postemergence applications in DE, ID, MD, MN, MT, ND, NJ, OR, SD, or WA.
- DO NOT irrigate between emergence and spike.
- DO NOT graze until wheat has reached 5 inches in height.

#### **USE PRECAUTIONS**

- For preplant applications, use only on no-till or minimum tillage fields where last year's crop residue has not been incorporated into the soil.
- Plant wheat a minimum of 1 inch deep.
- Application to fields where wheat seed has been broadcast and shallow incorporated will result in substantial crop damage.
- Application of lime within 30 days before or after application of this product may result in decreased weed control.
- Rainfall or irrigation of at least 1/2 inch within 10 days after herbicide application is necessary for herbicide activation and good weed control.

# BURNDOWN USE DIRECTIONS – For Pre-plant Applications in Wheat (refer to restrictions section for specific State use)

Use Fierce EZ Herbicide as part of a burndown program for residual weed control and to assist in postemergence burndown of many weeds where wheat will be planted directly into the residue of the previous year. For control of emerged weeds, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gallons of spray solution per acre.

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 fl oz per acre per year.

#### TANK MIXES

For control of emerged weeds, apply *Fierce* EZ Herbicide with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner.

# POSTEMERGENCE USE DIRECTIONS (refer to restrictions section for specific State use)

#### **Application Restrictions**

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 3 fl oz/acre in 10-20 GPA to wheat between the spike and 2-leaf stage to ensure adequate coverage of emerged weeds. **DO NOT** tank mix Fierce EZ Herbicide with any adjuvant, fertilizer or pest control product or severe injury to wheat will occur. Avoid applications to heavy sand and low organic matter areas. Applications to these areas along with heavy rain may cause excessive injury.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALL BURNDOWN AND FALLOW LAND

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 to 9 fl oz/A in the fall to provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring as identified in the Crop Rotational Interval table. Weeds controlled or suppressed by residual activity are listed in Table 2, Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Fierce EZ Herbicide. If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use Fierce EZ Herbicide in combination with a labeled burndown herbicide. Abnormally warm or wet winters will reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

#### TANK MIXES

Fierce EZ Herbicide, applied as part of a burndown program, may be used for residual weed control, as well as to assist in postemergence burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where crops will be planted directly into a stale seedbed, cover crop or in previous crop residues. Choose the most appropriate tank mix partner for control of emerged weeds. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Refer to tank mix partner's label.

#### DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND ON NON-CROP AREAS

Use Fierce EZ Herbicide to maintain bare ground on non-crop areas for non-selective vegetation control in areas including around farm buildings, along ungrazed fence rows, wind breaks and shelter belts. Follow all directions as outlined in "Use Information" section of this label.

Fierce EZ Herbicide offers residual and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weeds as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. Fierce EZ Herbicide can be tank mixed for increased residual or postemergence control. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase. Fierce EZ Herbicide rates of 6 to 9 floz/A are required to provide residual control of the weeds listed in Table 2, Weeds Controlled or Suppressed by Residual Activity of Fierce EZ Herbicide.

#### USE RESTRICTIONS

- DO NOT apply more than 9 fl oz (0.094 lb flumioxazin and 0.120 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per application.
- DO NOT apply more than 1 application per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply more than 9 fl oz (0.094 lb flumioxazin and 0.120 lb pyroxasulfone) of Fierce EZ Herbicide per acre per year.
- DO NOT apply to farm alleys or roads where traffic may result in treated dust settling onto crops or other desirable vegetation.
- . DO NOT apply to ditch banks.

# PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 to 9 fl oz/A per broadcast acre as a preemergence application. Make the preemergence (to weed emergence) applications of Fierce EZ Herbicide to a weed-free soil surface. Preemergence applications of Fierce EZ Herbicide must be completed prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate Fierce EZ Herbicide on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of Fierce EZ Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, Fierce EZ Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds.

#### POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply Fierce EZ Herbicide at 6 to 9 fl oz/A per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt/A crop oil concentrate). The addition of an adjuvant enhances Fierce EZ Herbicide activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the postemergence activity of Fierce EZ Herbicide. Emerged weeds are controlled postemergence with Fierce EZ Herbicide, however, translocation of Fierce EZ Herbicide within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of an adjuvant. The most effective postemergence weed control with Fierce EZ Herbicide occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. A tank mix partner must not be used in combination with Fierce EZ Herbicide for the postemergence control of weeds larger than 2 inches.

#### TANK MIXES

For control of emerged weeds, apply Fierce EZ Herbicide with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner. Completely read and follow the label of any potential tank mix partner with Fierce EZ Herbicide. When using tank mixtures, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive of the label limitations and precautions on either herbicide label.

#### CROP ROTATIONAL INTERVAL

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying Fierce EZ Herbicide at the listed rate. Planting earlier than the directed rotational interval may result in crop injury.

may rooms in orop injury.	Fierce EZ Herbicide Use Rates Interval Months		
Crops	6 fl oz/A	7.5 fl oz/A	9 fl oz/A
Alfalfa	10	10	10
Canola	12	12	15
Clover	18	18	18
Corn, Field (conventional till)	1	1	1
Corn, Field (reduced till)	7 days	1	1
Corn, Sweet	3	4	4
Cotton (conventional till)	1-1/2	2	2
Cotton (reduced till)	1	2	2
Dry Beans (edible)	10-1/2	10-1/2	10-1/2
Edible Peas and other edible beans (except field peas)	9	9	11
Grass grown for seed	18	18	18
Grass grown for seed with charcoal band	0	2	2
Lentils	6	7	7
Peanuts	2	2	2
Peas, Field	2	2	4
Potato	4	4	4
Rice	10	10	12
Small Grains (other than wheat)	11	12	12
Sorghum, Grain	6	6	10
Soybean	0	0	0
Sugar Beet	12	12	12
Sunflower	4	4	4
Sweet Potato	9	9	9
Tobacco	12	12	12
Wheat	1	2	2
Other crops not listed above	18	18	18

## **CROP FAILURE**

If the crop treated with Fierce EZ Herbicide is lost due to a catastrophe, including hail or other forms of inclement weather refer to Crop Rotational Interval table for re-plant intervals.

# STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

**DO NOT** contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container.

Store in a cool, dry, secure place.

**DO NOT** put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers.

DO NOT contaminate food or foodstuffs.

DO NOT store or transport near feed or food.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night (800) 892-0099.

# PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

#### CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. **DO NOT** reuse or refill this container. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse container (or equivalent) promptly after emptying, Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill, or other procedures allowed by State and local authorities.

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#### Manufactured for:

# Valent U.S.A. LLC

P.O. Box 5075 San Ramon CA 94583 Made in U.S.A. Form 2212-E

EPA Reg. No. 59639-237

EPA Est. 11773-IA-1®, 228-IL-1®, 39578-TX-1®, 5481-ID-1®, 62171-MS-1®, 70815-GA-2®

Superscript is first letter of lot number. 059639-00237.20210913.V10452.SpikeWheat.Amend SAL20210915

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